

1 The Honorable Mary Alice Theiler
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10 AT SEATTLE
11 CLERK U.S. DISTRICT COURT
12 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
13 DEPUTY
14 BY

15 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
16 WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON
17 AT SEATTLE

18 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

19 CASE NO. MJ11-292

20 Plaintiff,

21 AMENDED COMPLAINT
22 FOR VIOLATIONS

23 ABU KHALID ABDUL-LATIF,
24 a/k/a JOSEPH ANTHONY DAVIS, and

25 WALLI MUJAHIDH,
26 a/k/a FREDERICK DOMINGUE, JR.,

27 Defendants.

28 BEFORE, MARY ALICE THEILER, United States Magistrate Judge,
United States Courthouse, 700 Stewart Street, Seattle, Washington

19 **COUNT 1**
20

21 **(Conspiracy to Murder Officers and Employees of the United States)**

22 Beginning at a time unknown, and continuing until on or about June 22, 2011, at
23 Seattle, within the Western District of Washington, and elsewhere, ABU KHALID
24 ABDUL-LATIF, a/k/a JOSEPH ANTHONY DAVIS, and WALLI MUJAHIDH, a/k/a
25 FREDERICK DOMINGUE, JR., and other persons known and unknown, knowingly and
26 intentionally did conspire to kill officers and employees of the United States and of an
27 agency of the United States Government, while such officers and employees were
28 engaged in, and on account of the performance of, their official duties, and to kill other

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1 persons assisting such officers and employees in the performance of such duties and on
2 account of that assistance.

3 **A. Background Allegations**

4 At all times material to this Complaint:

5 1. The Department of Defense operates numerous Military Entrance
6 Processing Stations ("MEPS") throughout the United States. Applicants seeking to join
7 one of the branches of the United States Military, including the Army, Navy, Air Force,
8 and Marines, apply through and are processed at a MEPS. Accepted applicants often go
9 through final processing at a MEPS and then are transported to basic training directly
10 from the MEPS.

11 2. A MEPS is staffed by United States Military personnel and other federal
12 civilian employees, who administer tests and evaluate an applicant's physical
13 qualifications and other aptitude per criteria set by each branch of the United States
14 Military. MEPS employees also process applicants for acceptance into the United States
15 Military.

16 3. One of the Department of Defense MEPS is housed in the Federal Center
17 South building, located at 4735 East Marginal Way, Seattle, Washington. The Federal
18 Center South building is owned and operated by the United States Government, General
19 Services Administration. In addition to the MEPS, this building houses a variety of other
20 United States Government agencies and offices.

21 **B. Object of the Conspiracy**

22 4. The object of the conspiracy was to kill officers and employees of the
23 Department of Defense who worked at the MEPS located in the Federal Center South
24 building in Seattle, Washington, and to kill other persons assisting such officers and
25 employees in the performance of their duties, including the security personnel at the
26 Federal Center South building.

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1 **C. Overt Acts in Furtherance of the Conspiracy**

2 5. During and in furtherance of the conspiracy, within the Western District of
3 Washington and elsewhere, one or more of the conspirators committed one or more of the
4 following overt acts, among others:

5 a. On or about May 30, 2011, ABU KHALID ABDUL-LATIF
6 attempted to recruit another person (hereinafter the “confidential source”) to join the
7 conspiracy, explaining that he and another man who lived in Los Angeles, California,
8 referring to WALLI MUJAHIDH, were planning an attack against a United States
9 Military facility.

10 b. On or about June 6, 2011, ABU KHALID ABDUL-LATIF spoke
11 with WALLI MUJAHIDH over the telephone in the presence of the confidential source.
12 They discussed the general nature of the conspiracy, including the need to acquire
13 firearms for use in the attack, and their plan to train with the firearms in advance of the
14 attack. During this conversation, MUJAHIDH assured ABDUL-LATIF that he was
15 committed to carrying out the attack.

16 c. On or about June 7, 2011, ABU KHALID ABDUL-LATIF told the
17 confidential source that he wanted to conduct reconnaissance of the MEPS on the
18 following day, and then “make a plan from there.”

19 d. On or about June 8, 2011, ABU KHALID ABDUL-LATIF met with
20 the confidential source for the purpose of conducting reconnaissance of the MEPS located
21 in the Federal Center South building in Seattle, Washington. ABDUL-LATIF and the
22 confidential source drove to the building, parked in the parking lot, and approached the
23 front door of the building. ABDUL-LATIF commented on the presence of a security
24 guard inside the lobby of the building, and the security cameras on the exterior of the
25 building. ABDUL-LATIF further stated that he was not “worried” about the security
26 guard because, “We’ll just kill him right away. . . . We can kill him first.”

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e. On or about June 8, 2011, ABU KHALID ABDUL-LATIF instructed the confidential source to acquire weapons for use during the attack of the MEPS, including firearms, magazines, ammunition, and grenades.

f. On or about June 14, 2011, ABU KHALID ABDUL-LATIF spoke with WALLI MUJAHIDH over the telephone in the presence of the confidential source. They arranged for MUJAHIDH to travel via bus from Los Angeles, California, to Seattle, Washington, on June 20-21, 2011.

g. On or about June 14, 2011, ABU KHALID ABDUL-LATIF met with the confidential source and inspected representative samples of the weapons (including machineguns and grenades) that ABDUL-LATIF instructed the confidential source to obtain for their use during the attack on the MEPS. After inspecting the weapons, ABDUL-LATIF instructed the confidential source to obtain three machineguns and several loaded magazines for the machineguns, with the understanding that they would obtain grenades and other items necessary for the attack at a later time.

h. On or about June 16-17, 2011, ABU KHALID ABDUL-LATIF provided the confidential source with \$800 cash to pay for the weapons that he and WALLI MUJAHIDH intended to use during the attack on the MEPS.

i. On or about June 20-21, 2011, WALLI MUJAHIDH traveled via bus from Los Angeles, California, to Seattle, Washington.

j. On or about June 21, 2011, ABU KHALID ABDUL-LATIF and WALLI MUJAHIDH met with the confidential source and further discussed the details of their planned attack on the MEPS, including that they intended to use machineguns and grenades during the attack.

k. On or about June 22, 2011, ABU KHALID ABDUL-LATIF and WALLI MUJAHIDH met with the confidential source to take possession of the machineguns that ABDUL-LATIF previously instructed the Source to acquire.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1114(1) and 1117.

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COUNT 2

(Conspiracy to Use Weapons of Mass Destruction)

3 Beginning at a time unknown, and continuing until on or about June 22, 2011, at
4 Seattle, within the Western District of Washington, and elsewhere, ABU KHALID
5 ABDUL-LATIF, a/k/a JOSEPH ANTHONY DAVIS, and WALLI MUJAHIDH, a/k/a
6 FREDERICK DOMINGUE, JR., and other persons known and unknown, knowingly and
7 intentionally, and without legal authority, did conspire to use a weapon of mass
8 destruction, that is, a destructive device consisting of a grenade, against property that is
9 owned and used by the United States and by a department and agency of the United
10 States, namely, the Federal Center South building, located at 4735 East Marginal Way,
11 Seattle, Washington; and against persons and property within the United States, where a
12 perpetrator traveled in and caused another to travel in interstate commerce in furtherance
13 of the offense.

14 The allegations contained in paragraphs 1-5 of Count 1 above are herein re-alleged
15 and incorporated by reference.

16 All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 2332a(a)(2)(C) and
17 2332a(a)(3).

COUNT 3

(Possession of Firearms in Furtherance of Crimes of Violence)

20 On or about June 14, 2011, ABU KHALID ABDUL-LATIF, a/k/a JOSEPH
21 ANTHONY DAVIS, possessed firearms, to wit, one Heckler & Koch MP5, 9 x 19 mm
22 caliber sub-machinegun, with serial number 62-370875, and one Colt M16A2
23 Commando, 5.56 mm caliber assault rifle, with serial number A0137282, in furtherance
24 of a crime of violence for which he may be prosecuted in a court of the United States, that
25 is, the offenses alleged in Count 1 and Count 2 above.

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1 It is further alleged that both of the firearms possessed by ABDUL-LATIF were
2 machineguns, as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 921(a)(23), and Title 26,
3 United States Code, Section 5845(b).

4 All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 924(c)(1)(A) and
5 924(c)(1)(B)(ii).

6 **COUNT 4**

7 **(Unlawful Possession of Firearms)**

8 On or about June 14, 2011, at Seattle, within the Western District of Washington,
9 ABU KHALID ABDUL-LATIF, a/k/a JOSEPH ANTHONY DAVIS, having been
10 convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year, that is,
11 Robbery in the First Degree, in Kitsap County Superior Court, Case No. 01-1-01719-3, on
12 January 15, 2002, did knowingly possess firearms, to wit, one Heckler & Koch MP5, 9 x
13 19 mm caliber sub-machinegun, with serial number 62-370875, and one Colt M16A2
14 Commando, 5.56 mm caliber assault rifle, with serial number A0137282, both of which
15 had previously been shipped and transported in interstate or foreign commerce.

16 All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 922(g)(1).

17 **COUNT 5**

18 **(Possession of Firearms in Furtherance of Crimes of Violence)**

19 On or about June 22, 2011, ABU KHALID ABDUL-LATIF, a/k/a JOSEPH
20 ANTHONY DAVIS, possessed firearms, to wit, a Colt M16A1, 5.56 mm caliber assault
21 rifle, with serial number 9463259; a Colt M16A1, 5.56 mm caliber assault rifle, with
22 serial number 9574856; and a Colt M16A1, 5.56 mm caliber assault rifle, with serial
23 number 9396093; in furtherance of a crime of violence for which he may be prosecuted in
24 a court of the United States, that is, the offenses alleged in Count 1 and Count 2 above.

25 It is further alleged that each of the firearms possessed by ABDUL-LATIF were
26 machineguns, as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 921(a)(23), and Title 26,
27 United States Code, Section 5845(b).

28 All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 924(c)(1)(A) and

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1 924(c)(1)(B)(ii).

2 **COUNT 6**

3 **(Possession of Firearms in Furtherance of Crimes of Violence)**

4 On or about June 22, 2011, WALLI MUJAHIDH, a/k/a FREDERICK
5 DOMINGUE, JR., possessed firearms, to wit, a Colt M16A1, 5.56 mm caliber assault
6 rifle, with serial number 9463259; a Colt M16A1, 5.56 mm caliber assault rifle, with
7 serial number 9574856; and a Colt M16A1, 5.56 mm caliber assault rifle, with serial
8 number 9396093; in furtherance of a crime of violence for which he may be prosecuted in
9 a court of the United States, that is, the offenses alleged in Count 1 and Count 2 above.

10 It is further alleged that each of the firearms possessed by MUJAHIDH were
11 machineguns, as defined in Title 18, United States Code, Section 921(a)(23), and Title 26,
12 United States Code, Section 5845(b).

13 All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 924(c)(1)(A) and
14 924(c)(1)(B)(ii).

15 **COUNT 7**

16 **(Unlawful Possession of Firearms)**

17 On or about June 22, 2011, at Seattle, within the Western District of Washington,
18 ABU KHALID ABDUL-LATIF, a/k/a JOSEPH ANTHONY DAVIS, having been
19 convicted of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year, that is,
20 Robbery in the First Degree, in Kitsap County Superior Court, Case No. 01-1-01719-3, on
21 January 15, 2002, did knowingly possess firearms, to wit, a Colt M16A1, 5.56 mm caliber
22 assault rifle, with serial number 9463259; a Colt M16A1, 5.56 mm caliber assault rifle,
23 with serial number 9574856; and a Colt M16A1, 5.56 mm caliber assault rifle, with serial
24 number 9396093; each of which had previously been shipped and transported in interstate
25 or foreign commerce.

26 All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 922(g)(1).

27 The undersigned complainant, ALBERT C. KELLY III, being duly sworn, states
28 that this Complaint is based on the following information:

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1 **A. Introduction And Agent's Background**

2 1. I am a Special Agent ("SA") of the Federal Bureau of Investigation
 3 ("FBI"). I have been an FBI SA since March 2008, and since that time I have been
 4 assigned to a counter-terrorism squad at the Seattle Division. I graduated from the Air
 5 Force Academy in 2002. I served as an Air Force Intelligence Officer in both
 6 Afghanistan and Djibouti. In March 2008, I went through the standard FBI training
 7 regimen at Quantico, Virginia. In addition, I have attended the FBI's specialized counter-
 8 terrorism investigative operations course, and another training course concerning terrorist
 9 ideology.

10 2. This affidavit is being submitted in support of a criminal Complaint
 11 charging ABU KHALID ABDUL-LATIF, a/k/a JOSEPH ANTHONY DAVIS
 12 (hereinafter "ABDUL-LATIF"), and WALLI MUJAHIDH, a/k/a FREDERICK
 13 ANTHONY DOMINGUE, JR. (hereinafter "MUJAHIDH"), with the following offenses:
 14 Conspiracy to Murder Officers and Employees of the United States, in violation of Title
 15 18, United States Code, Sections 1114(1) and 1117; Conspiracy to Use Weapons of Mass
 16 Destruction, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 2332a(a)(2)(C) and
 17 2332a(a)(3); Possession of Firearms (Machineguns) in Furtherance of Crimes of
 18 Violence, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 924(c)(1)(A) and
 19 924(c)(1)(B)(ii); and Unlawful Possession of Firearms, in violation of Title 18, United
 20 States Code, Section 922(g)(1). This affidavit is based upon information I have gained
 21 from my investigation, personal observations, training and experience, and information
 22 related to me by other detectives, investigators, and police officers, through oral and
 23 written reports. I have not included everything I have learned during this investigation,
 24 but rather only enough information to show probable cause that the defendants have
 25 committed the offenses alleged above.

26 **B. Summary Of The Investigation**

27 3. This investigation has revealed that ABDUL-LATIF and MUJAHIDH
 28 (collectively, "the defendants") conspired to attack a United States Military facility and to

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1 murder employees and officers of the United States Military. The defendants planned to
 2 carry out the attack using fully-automatic weapons, pistols, and fragmentation grenades.
 3 Their goal was to kill and maim numerous officers and employees of the United States
 4 Military. During conversations that were audio recorded, ABDUL-LATIF explained the
 5 reasons for the attack, specifically his anger over the United States Military's real or
 6 perceived activities in Afghanistan, Iraq, and Yemen. ABDUL-LATIF explained that, in
 7 his view, murdering American soldiers was justifiable.

8 4. The defendants' initial target for their attack was the Joint Base Lewis-
 9 McChord, a joint facility consisting of a United States Army base (previously known as
 10 "Fort Lewis") and a United States Air Force base (previously known as "McChord Air
 11 Force Base"). The defendants later changed their target to the Military Entrance
 12 Processing Station ("MEPS") located at 4735 East Marginal Way, Seattle, Washington.

13 5. The Department of Defense operates numerous MEPS throughout the
 14 United States. Applicants seeking to join one of the branches of the United States
 15 Military, including the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marines, apply through and are
 16 processed at a MEPS. Accepted applicants often go through final processing at a MEPS
 17 and then are transported to basic training directly from the MEPS. A MEPS is staffed by
 18 United States Military personnel and other federal civilian employees, who administer
 19 tests and evaluate an applicant's physical qualifications and other aptitude per criteria set
 20 by each branch of the United States Military. MEPS employees also process applicants
 21 for acceptance into the United States Military.

22 6. One of the Department of Defense MEPS is housed in the Federal Center
 23 South building, located at 4735 East Marginal Way, Seattle, Washington. The Federal
 24 Center South is a two-story building that is owned and operated by the United States
 25 Government, General Services Administration. In addition to the MEPS, this building
 26 houses a variety of other United States Government agencies and offices. A federal child
 27 care center is located in the building, immediately adjacent to the MEPS.

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1 7. The plot was revealed when ABDUL-LATIF recruited a third person to join
 2 the conspiracy. That person reported the plot to law enforcement and is now a law
 3 enforcement confidential source (the “Source”). Per standard practice, I will refer to the
 4 Source as a man, regardless of the Source’s actual gender. Based on their prior
 5 relationship, ABDUL-LATIF trusted the Source and believed that the Source held similar
 6 ideology. ABDUL-LATIF also believed that the Source could help the conspirators get
 7 the weapons they would need for the attack.

8 8. On numerous occasions during the investigation, the Source communicated
 9 with the defendants at the direction of law enforcement personnel. Numerous meetings
 10 and conversations between the Source and the defendants were recorded on audio and/or
 11 video. These recordings show the defendants working to carry out their plan to kill
 12 officers and employees of the United States Military. Some (but certainly not all)
 13 examples of the defendants’ intent, planning, preparation, and overt acts are listed below
 14 and are described in greater detail elsewhere herein:

15 a. After conducting internet research and reconnaissance, the
 16 defendants selected the Seattle MEPS as a target;

17 b. ABDUL-LATIF tasked the Source to go “undercover” into the
 18 Federal Center South building to learn the layout of the building and the specific location
 19 of the MEPS, and the Source reported back to ABDUL-LATIF after supposedly doing
 20 this;

21 c. ABDUL-LATIF devised and extensively discussed the tactical
 22 details of the attack;

23 d. ABDUL-LATIF instructed the Source to obtain automatic weapons,
 24 pistols, grenades, bulletproof vests, and other items for use in the attack on the MEPS;

25 e. ABDUL-LATIF personally handled two types of automatic weapons
 26 as part of the process of choosing the weapons to use during the attack, and he tasked the
 27 Source to buy three machineguns and several loaded magazines, with the understanding
 28 that grenades and other items necessary for the attack would be obtained at a later time;

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1 f. ABDUL-LATIF provided the Source with \$800 cash towards the
2 purchase of the machineguns;

3 g. ABDUL-LATIF arranged to purchase a bus ticket for MUJAHIDH
4 to travel from Los Angles, California to Seattle, Washington.

5 h. On June 20-21, 2011, MUJAHIDH traveled to Seattle, Washington
6 to participate in the attack;

7 i. On or about June 21, 2011, ABDUL-LATIF and WALLI
8 MUJAHIDH met with the confidential source and further discussed the details of the
9 planned attack on the MEPS, including that they intended to use machineguns and
10 grenades during the attack.

11 j. On or about June 22, 2011, ABDUL-LATIF and MUJAHIDH met
12 with the confidential source to take possession of the three machineguns and magazines
13 that ABDUL-LATIF previously instructed the Source to acquire.

14 9. The investigation culminated with the arrest of ABDUL-LATIF and
15 MUJAHIDH on June 22, 2011, as detailed below.

16 **B. Defendants' Backgrounds**

17 10. ABDUL-LATIF is a thirty-three year old Washington resident. Criminal
18 records checks show that he has at least two felony convictions: a 2002 conviction for
19 Robbery in the First Degree and a 2003 conviction for Custodial Assault. ABDUL-
20 LATIF also has misdemeanor convictions for Obstructing a Law Enforcement Officer,
21 Assault, and Theft. I have seen the Judgement and Sentence for ABDUL-LATIF's 2002
22 Robbery conviction, and it shows that he was convicted on or about January 15, 2002, in
23 the Kitsap County Superior Court, for the offense of Robbery in the First Degree, in
24 violation of RCW 9A.56.200, cause number 01-1-01719-3. This is a felony offense and
25 ABDUL-LATIF was sentenced to thirty-one months of imprisonment. The paperwork
from that case includes a psychological evaluation. The evaluator concluded that,
27 although ABDUL-LATIF might have some psychological issues, he was competent to
28 participate in his defense. Criminal records checks show no felony convictions for

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1 California resident MUJAHIDH under either of his names.

2 **C. Details Of The Investigation**

3 The Source Reports The Conspiracy To Law Enforcement

4 11. This investigation began on June 3, 2011, when the Source contacted the
 5 Seattle Police Department (“SPD”) to report the conspiracy. The Source has known
 6 ABDUL-LATIF personally for several years. When the Source initially contacted the
 7 SPD, he was not working as an informant for any law enforcement agency. The Source
 8 has since become a paid informant. The Source has extensive criminal history, including
 9 at least five felony convictions and one misdemeanor conviction. The most recent
 10 conviction that I know of was in 2008. Although the Source has been convicted of
 11 extremely serious offenses, the Source has no convictions for crimes of dishonesty.
 12 Criminal history records also shows multiple names and two social security numbers for
 13 the Source. To the best of my knowledge and based on my investigation, the Source does
 14 not have any pending criminal charges.

15 12. On June 4, 2011, the Source met with SPD detectives and provided
 16 additional details concerning his recent contacts with ABDUL-LATIF. The Source said
 17 that he had met with ABDUL-LATIF on or about May 30, 2011, at ABDUL-LATIF’s
 18 home in Tukwila, Washington. According to the Source, during this meeting ABDUL-
 19 LATIF told the Source that he and another man from Los Angeles (referring to
 20 MUJAHIDH) were planning to attack Joint Base Lewis-McChord (“Fort Lewis”) in
 21 Tacoma, Washington. ABDUL-LATIF told the Source that the attack would be in
 22 retaliation for alleged crimes committed by United States soldiers in Afghanistan.
 23 ABDUL-LATIF said that he wanted to die as a martyr in the attack. According to the
 24 Source, ABDUL-LATIF asked the Source to join the conspiracy. ABDUL-LATIF asked
 25 the Source to participate directly in the attack, and to help the conspirators acquire
 26 weapons. According to the Source (and as corroborated by later recorded conversations),
 27 ABDUL-LATIF claims to know very little about firearms, and believes that the Source
 28 has connections who can supply firearms. The Source pretended to be interested in the

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1 plan. The May 30th meeting was not recorded because the Source was not working for
 2 law enforcement at that time.

3 13. Acting on instructions from the SPD, the Source met with ABDUL-LATIF
 4 on June 3, 2011. According to the Source's account of this meeting, the Source told
 5 ABDUL-LATIF that he had a contact who could supply weapons. ABDUL-LATIF said
 6 that he had between \$800 and \$1,200 to buy weapons, and asked how much money the
 7 Source could contribute. The Source said he could contribute \$1,000. ABDUL-LATIF
 8 told the Source that a man from Los Angeles, named "Walli," would also participate in
 9 the attack. "Walli" was later identified as WALLI MUJAHIDH. ABDUL-LATIF said
 10 that MUJAHIDH would be the driver for the attack. ABDUL-LATIF explained that he
 11 wanted to drive a van through the Fort Lewis guard gate and open fire with weapons and
 12 possibly explosives. ABDUL-LATIF made clear that the goal was to kill soldiers, not
 13 civilians.

14 14. According to the Source, during the June 3rd meeting, ABDUL-LATIF
 15 introduced the Source to MUJAHIDH by calling MUJAHIDH on the telephone and
 16 having him talk to the Source. MUJAHIDH told the Source that his phone number was
 17 323-667-8960. My investigation has shown that the subscriber for this phone number is
 18 "Muslim Mujahidh," and the account is in the name of WALLI MUJAHIDH. The Source
 19 told MUJAHIDH that he had a contact who could supply weapons.

20 15. After the phone call with MUJAHIDH, ABDUL-LATIF told the Source
 21 that he wanted to conduct the attack as soon as possible, and before the conspirators could
 22 talk themselves out of it. According to the Source, ABDUL-LATIF specifically
 23 commented with words to the effect that, "The longer we wait, the more we'll talk
 24 ourselves out of it." ABDUL-LATIF also stated that the longer they waited, the "more
 25 chance the feds will catch-up with you." ABDUL-LATIF told the Source that he wanted
 26 to acquire, for use in the attack, AK-47 assault rifles, a rocket propelled grenade ("RPG"),
 27 grenades, and bullet proof vests. ABDUL-LATIF explained that, in advance of the
 28 attack, the conspirators would train with the weapons in Wenatchee, Washington.

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1 16. According to the Source, ABDUL-LATIF explained his motives. ABDUL-
 2 LATIF said that he admired Osama Bin Laden. ABDUL-LATIF said that "jihad" in
 3 America should be a "physical jihad," and not just a "media jihad," expressing his view
 4 that it was necessary to take action rather than just talk. ABDUL-LATIF referred to the
 5 2009 Fort Hood massacre, when a single gunman killed thirteen people. ABDUL-LATIF
 6 said that if one person could kill so many people, three attackers could kill many more.
 7 ABDUL-LATIF said that, if he was killed in the attack, his son would be proud that he
 8 fought the "non-believers."

9 17. On June 6, 2011, the Source met with me and other FBI Special Agents.
 10 From that point on, the Source has been acting at the FBI's direction. We told the Source
 11 that he should purport to agree to join ABDUL-LATIF's conspiracy and record all of his
 12 future conversations with ABDUL-LATIF and MUJAHIDH.

13 The Plot Focuses On The MEPS

14 18. Later on June 6, 2011, the Source met with ABDUL-LATIF at ABDUL-
 15 LATIF's home in Tukwila. This was the first time that the Source met with ABDUL-
 16 LATIF at the FBI's direction. We gave the Source a recording device before the meeting.
 17 I have listened to the recording of that meeting. During the meeting, ABDUL-LATIF
 18 talked about alleged atrocities committed by United States soldiers in Afghanistan,
 19 specifically referencing ongoing military proceedings against Army soldiers stationed at
 20 Fort Lewis. ABDUL-LATIF said that he was not comfortable with letting the legal
 21 system deal with these matters.

22 19. ABDUL-LATIF and the Source then discussed ABDUL-LATIF's plan to
 23 attack Fort Lewis. ABDUL-LATIF said that they could simply drive a truck through the
 24 base's gate. ABDUL-LATIF and the Source talked about what kinds of weapons they
 25 would need. Based on ABDUL-LATIF's prior statements that he wanted to perpetrate
 26 the attack with AK-47 assault rifles, the Source suggested the alternative of M16 assault
 27 rifles, which are consistent with the capabilities of an AK-47 but are more readily
 28 available in the United States. The Source explained that he would be able to obtain three

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1 automatic M16's for \$1,200. ABDUL-LATIF said that he trusted the Source's opinions
 2 about weapons because the Source had experience with firearms. The Source said that, if
 3 ABDUL-LATIF came up with the plan, the Source could handle the tactical aspects of
 4 the operation. ABDUL-LATIF suggested committing the attack on July 5, 2011.

5 20. ABDUL-LATIF and the Source then had a phone conversation with
 6 MUJAHIDH. MUJAHIDH is believed to have been in Los Angeles, California (where
 7 he lives) at the time of the call. The Source asked ABDUL-LATIF what type of firearms
 8 he wanted. ABDUL-LATIF used his computer to look-up the M16 assault rifle on the
 9 Internet. ABDUL-LATIF stated, "I want the one . . . that will have the most effect."
 10 ABDUL-LATIF asked MUJAHIDH for his input. MUJAHIDH said that, if the
 11 conspirators had enough ammunition, they "should be able to take care of that." The
 12 defendants and the Source discussed flying MUJAHIDH from Los Angeles to Seattle
 13 during the next couple of weeks.

14 21. During the phone conversation, the Source said that he wanted to be sure
 15 that MUJAHIDH was committed to the plan and would not "back out." MUJAHIDH
 16 answered, "You don't have to worry about me." ABDUL-LATIF also asked
 17 MUJAHIDH if he was committed. MUJAHIDH answered that he had "nothing to lose"
 18 and "everything to gain."

19 22. ABDUL-LATIF then explained that the conspirators should pick a leader.
 20 The Source nominated ABDUL-LATIF based on his age and knowledge of Islam.
 21 MUJAHIDH agreed. ABDUL-LATIF then told MUJAHIDH that they would bring him
 22 up to Washington and go "camping" and practice their "skills." In an apparent reference
 23 to weapons training, MUJAHIDH said that he had no "experience." The Source then
 24 suggested that their respective roles would be "emir" (or leader), "tactician," and
 25 "driver." ABDUL-LATIF told MUJAHIDH that his role would be to drive a "truck that
 26 looks like the Titanic" through the "front gate" of the target location. The truck would be
 27 a "battering ram" and would "guard" the conspirators while they did their "duties" (the
 28 attack). ABDUL-LATIF said that he and the Source needed a driver while they did their

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1 "part." ABDUL-LATIF explained that at some point during the attack, MUJAHIDH
 2 would join the Source and ABDUL-LATIF as they carried out their responsibilities.
 3 ABDUL-LATIF said that he was looking for a "psychopath." The phone call with
 4 MUJAHIDH ended shortly thereafter.

5 23. ABDUL-LATIF and the source then continued discussing the attack plan.
 6 They began researching Fort Lewis on the Internet. ABDUL-LATIF stated that he
 7 wanted to find the spot on the base "where the most activity is at." The Source asked
 8 ABDUL-LATIF what the "objective" was. ABDUL-LATIF said that the "objective" was
 9 to "take out anybody wearing green or a badge."

10 24. During this conversation, ABDUL-LATIF suggested a new target: "hitting"
 11 a "MEPS." The Source asked what a MEPS was. ABDUL-LATIF (who served briefly in
 12 United States Navy in the mid-1990's) explained that a MEPS was a military processing
 13 station where applicants are tested and evaluated. ABDUL-LATIF said that the
 14 applicants at a MEPS were people who want to go to Iraq or Afghanistan. ABDUL-
 15 LATIF explained the tactical advantages of attacking a MEPS, where many potential
 16 victims would be unarmed: "It's a confined space, not a lot of people carrying weapons,
 17 and we'd have an advantage."

18 25. ABDUL-LATIF and the Source then researched on the Internet and found a
 19 military recruiting office in downtown Seattle. ABDUL-LATIF said that attacking a
 20 MEPS might "deter" people from joining the military and would "send a message."
 21 ABDUL-LATIF also noted that there would be few, if any, civilians at a MEPS.
 22 ABDUL-LATIF said that, although he was the "emir," he wanted the Source's thoughts
 23 on whether the MEPS was a good target. The Source answered that he thought the MEPS
 24 was a viable target. ABDUL-LATIF said that they could walk in and "hit" anybody in the
 25 MEPS. ABDUL-LATIF suggested that they should drive over to the building and "take a
 26 look."

27 26. Earlier on June 6th, the Source sent a text message to MUJAHIDH's cell
 28 phone number. The Source asked MUJAHIDH for his true name so that he could arrange

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1 to purchase a plane ticket for MUJAHIDH's flight from Los Angeles to Seattle.
 2 MUJAHIDH answered that his name was FREDERICK ANTHONY DOMINGUE, JR. I
 3 have reviewed this exchange of text messages.

4 27. ABDUL-LATIF and the Source met again the next day, June 7, 2011. This
 5 meeting was also recorded, and I have listened to the recording. Almost as soon as the
 6 conversation began, ABDUL-LATIF told the Source that the military recruiting office in
 7 downtown Seattle was not the MEPS he wanted to attack: "That building we saw [on the
 8 Internet] downtown, that's, that's not it." ABDUL-LATIF said that the target MEPS was
 9 located on East Marginal Way near Boeing Field (referring to the Federal Center South
 10 building). ABDUL-LATIF said that he had looked-up the MEPS (apparently on the
 11 Internet) but that he could not see it well from aerial views.

12 28. ABDUL-LATIF told the Source: "We need to get inside that building. . . .
 13 The idea I had was for you to kind of go undercover. . . . Go in there and see what the
 14 first floor looks like." ABDUL-LATIF again explained what a MEPS was, and added
 15 that most applicants would be sent to Afghanistan, Iraq, and Yemen. ABDUL-LATIF
 16 said that he called the MEPS to confirm the address of the East Marginal Way location.
 17 ABDUL-LATIF further stated that he and the Source should meet the next day to drive by
 18 the building: "We need to know what the front desk looks like, the lobby, everything."
 19 ABDUL-LATIF said that they could then draw a map of the layout of the first floor.
 20 ABDUL-LATIF and the Source then researched the target MEPS on the Internet.
 21 ABDUL-LATIF opined that the target MEPS was better than the downtown location
 22 because it was two stories as opposed to five.

23 29. ABDUL-LATIF further discussed his planned attack on the MEPS.
 24 ABDUL-LATIF said that he had "never heard of a terrorist attack on a MEPS station."
 25 ABDUL-LATIF said that the military was "arrogant" and stated that their attack could
 26 "do some damage." ABDUL-LATIF also predicted that the attack would inspire other
 27 Muslims to carry out similar attacks: "Imagine how many young Muslims, if we're
 28 successful, will try to hit these kinds of centers. Imagine how fearful America will be,

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1 and they'll know they can't push the Muslims around." ABDUL-LATIF also mentioned
 2 the possibility that the conspirators could escape after perpetrating the attack.

3 30. During the conversation, ABDUL-LATIF and the Source revisited the
 4 question of who should lead the conspirators. ABDUL-LATIF, after learning that the
 5 Source was older than ABDUL-LATIF, said that the Source should be the leader. The
 6 Source disagreed, noting that ABDUL-LATIF had more "knowledge."

7 31. ABDUL-LATIF told the Source that they should drive by the target MEPS
 8 the next day, get the layout, and "make a plan from there."

9 The Reconnaissance Of The MEPS

10 32. On the following day, June 8, 2011, ABDUL-LATIF and the Source
 11 conducted reconnaissance of the target MEPS. ABDUL-LATIF and the Source met at a
 12 different location and then drove together in the Source's vehicle to the MEPS on East
 13 Marginal Way. I have listened to the recording of this meeting, which was also
 14 monitored by surveillance officers.

15 33. During the drive to the MEPS, ABDUL-LATIF assured the Source that
 16 MUJAHIDH would participate in the attack, but added that MUJAHIDH needed
 17 "medication." ABDUL-LATIF said that MUJAHIDH was worried that, if he did not
 18 have his medication, he might "go off and kill innocent people." ABDUL-LATIF said
 19 that he told MUJAHIDH that the target was "military," not a public place "like a zoo or a
 20 school."

21 34. ABDUL-LATIF said that the conspirators had enough money to go
 22 anywhere in the world and had "options" (to choose for target locations). The Source
 23 said that they should not lose focus and switch targets. ABDUL-LATIF said that he was
 24 not seriously suggesting changing targets. The Source then summarized the progression
 25 of ABDUL-LATIF's plan to date: "When you first brought it up, it was [Fort] Lewis, then
 26 it flipped to McChord, then it flipped to MEPS, that's why I was saying let's stick, let's
 27 stick with this one." ABDUL-LATIF then discussed the advantages of attacking the
 28 MEPS. ABDUL-LATIF also repeated that he hoped to inspire other similar attacks.

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1 35. As the car pulled into the parking lot of the Federal Center South building,
 2 ABDUL-LATIF read aloud the name on the building: "Federal Center South."
 3 ABDUL-LATIF and the Source got out of the Source's car and studied the building.
 4 ABDUL-LATIF commented about observing a security guard and surveillance cameras,
 5 and a long hallway inside the building. ABDUL-LATIF said that he was not worried
 6 about the guard: "We'll just kill him right away. . . . We can kill him first."
 7 ABDUL-LATIF also discussed how the conspirators would approach the MEPS for the
 8 attack, and said that the conspirators could either park and run up to the entrance, or they
 9 could try to drive their car up to the entrance.

10 36. ABDUL-LATIF and the Source discussed whether MUJAHIDH was
 11 committed to the attack. The Source complained that MUJAHIDH did not want to travel
 12 to Washington until July, even though they wanted him there sooner. ABDUL-LATIF
 13 told the Source not to call MUJAHIDH for a while: "With Walli, just leave him alone for
 14 a couple of days, see if he calls back. Don't call him or anything." The Source said that
 15 they needed to know how many people would participate in the attack so he knew how
 16 many weapons to buy. ABDUL-LATIF told the Source to order enough weapons for
 17 three people. ABDUL-LATIF told the Source to "put in our order right now" so that they
 18 could get a price estimate for the weapons. ABDUL-LATIF specifically instructed the
 19 Source to order three rifles, several magazines for each rifle, and ten hand grenades.
 20 ABDUL-LATIF said that, with the grenades, they could "blow up the whole hallway"
 21 that led to the MEPS offices. ABDUL-LATIF said that he had money set aside with a
 22 third person for the *hajj*, but that he would withdraw some of that money for use in
 23 purchasing the weapons. ABDUL-LATIF also said that he needed to call the MEPS
 24 again to find out what days the recruits are going to be there. ABDUL-LATIF
 25 commented that he wanted to "be there on a day when all the recruits are processing. . . .
 26 I don't want to come there just to kill an old [security] guard." At the end of the
 27 conversation, ABDUL-LATIF said that the reconnaissance had been productive and that
 28 he and the Source had "learned a lot."

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1 37. Later on the night of June 8th, MUJAHIDH sent the Source a text message.
 2 I have seen this message. It reads: "AsSaalamwailykum im ok. It's still a go on my end."

3 ABDUL-LATIF And MUJAHIDH Reaffirm Their Commitment To The Plot

4 38. On June 9, 2011, the Source and ABDUL-LATIF had a recorded telephone
 5 conversation. I have listened to the recording. During the call, ABDUL-LATIF said that
 6 he was worried the conspirators would not have the "element of surprise" when they
 7 attacked the MEPS. ABDUL-LATIF had seen a security camera during the
 8 reconnaissance and was worried that the guard at the front desk would be watching a live
 9 feed from the camera. ABDUL-LATIF was worried that the guard would see the
 10 conspirators as they approached the entrance and would be ready for them: "It would kind
 11 of be pointless, too, if we rolled up there and we all got shot and killed and we didn't get
 12 anybody." The Source said that he did not think that would happen. ABDUL-LATIF
 13 said, "That's cool, that's cool. Let's make sure it doesn't happen." ABDUL-LATIF
 14 urged the Source to carry out an undercover visit into the building as soon as possible.
 15 Later in the conversation, ABDUL-LATIF asked the Source when he could go
 16 undercover into the MEPS building. The Source said that he hoped to go the next day.

17 39. The Source asked ABDUL-LATIF if he really wanted to go through with
 18 the attack: "I want to make sure that you, this is what you're down for. . . . I'm not
 19 going to hold it against you if you say, 'Nah, let's do whatever.' But I just want to make
 20 sure that this is what you want, all the way." ABDUL-LATIF said that they needed to
 21 "wake the Muslims up" to "defend [their] religion." The Source said, "Do you want to
 22 call it off? Or . . . You know, I'm not going to hold it against you." ABDUL-LATIF
 23 answered, "Let's work on this, lets make sure it's right. . . . Let's proceed as planned,
 24 let's make sure that we do this right." ABDUL-LATIF said that they should only call off
 25 the plot if they learned that the FBI was watching them. ABDUL-LATIF confirmed,
 26 "I'm ready for this." ABDUL-LATIF further stated that he would call the MEPS the next
 27 day to check their schedule: "I don't want to roll up in there just to kill a couple of
 28 females and security guards. . . . Everything has to be done with precision, the right time

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1 and the right day, the program is on point. That's what I'm looking for."

2 40. Also during this conversation, the Source told ABDUL-LATIF that he had
 3 talked to MUJAHIDH and that MUJAHIDH confirmed that he was willing to travel to
 4 Seattle. ABDUL-LATIF and the Source agreed that they needed to get MUJAHIDH to
 5 Seattle as soon as possible, and again discussed pooling their money to buy a plane ticket.
 6 ABDUL-LATIF said that he was trying to get his hands on his share of the ticket price
 7 (roughly seventy dollars).

8 41. Also on June 9, 2011, the Source exchanged text messages with
 9 MUJAHIDH. I have seen the messages. The Source told MUJAHIDH that "everything
 10 is in motion" and "you will be up here soon." The Source asked, "Anything on your
 11 mind[?]" MUJAHIDH answered, "Everything is fine just waiting to be with you brothers
 12 for the sake of Allah . . . Allah grant us success in w[h]at we go forth to accomplish."

13 Further Planning And Preparation For The MEPS Attack

14 42. On June 10, 2011, the Source and ABDUL-LATIF had another recorded
 15 meeting. I have listened to the recording. During the meeting, the Source pretended to
 16 have followed ABDUL-LATIF's instructions to enter the Federal Center South building
 17 as an "undercover" to learn its layout. The Source showed ABDUL-LATIF a map he had
 18 drawn of the first floor layout. ABDUL-LATIF and the Source had a long conversation
 19 about the tactical details of the attack. ABDUL-LATIF explained that he wanted to kill
 20 the battalion commander at the MEPS because that would get "attention."
 21 ABDUL-LATIF said that he wanted to "run in there man, kill everybody in there, and run
 22 back out." ABDUL-LATIF explained that MUJAHIDH's role would be to "watch the
 23 front."

24 43. ABDUL-LATIF and the Source discussed whether they should use flash-
 25 bang grenades to stun victims, or fragmentation grenades to maim and kill. With respect
 26 to the flash-bangs, ABDUL-LATIF concluded: "Forget that." ABDUL-LATIF asked the
 27 Source how much damage he could do by throwing a grenade into the building's
 28 cafeteria. The Source said that it would kill and maim a lot of people. ABDUL-LATIF

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1 decided that he wanted fragmentation grenades because they would deter pursuers and
 2 help achieve the “purpose” of the attack (to kill and maim). ABDUL-LATIF stated that
 3 he wanted ten grenades. Referring to the map of the building’s floor plan,
 4 ABDUL-LATIF explained the details of where and when he would throw grenades
 5 during the attack. ABDUL-LATIF explained that he wanted another conspirator (a fourth
 6 person) who would serve as the driver and help with the getaway. The Source stated that
 7 he might know somebody who could be the driver, and ABDUL-LATIF said that he
 8 trusted the Source’s judgment.

9 44. ABDUL-LATIF gave the Source a specific weapons order to place with the
 10 Source’s “connection”: three rifles, two extra magazines for each rifle, five grenades, two
 11 pistols, and three bulletproof vests. The Source estimated that the total price would be
 12 roughly \$2,500. The Source then asked how the conspirators would get the message out
 13 about the reasons for the attack. ABDUL-LATIF said that he would print pictures of
 14 soldiers involved in alleged atrocities and leave them on the front desk at the building.

15 45. ABDUL-LATIF and the Source talked about pooling their money to buy a
 16 plane ticket to fly MUJAHIDH to Seattle. ABDUL-LATIF assured the Source that
 17 MUJAHIDH was committed to the plan, and suggested that he had been talking to
 18 MUJAHIDH about carrying out a terrorist attack even before the Source had become
 19 involved in the plot: “This has been in discussion off and on for a while.”
 20 ABDUL-LATIF said that MUJAHIDH would carry out the plan because he was “crazy”
 21 and had no family.

22 46. On or about June 13, 2011, the Source spoke with ABDUL-LATIF over the
 23 telephone. Again, ABDUL-LATIF expressed his desire to recruit a fourth person to join
 24 them in the attack. ABDUL-LATIF also stated words to the effect: “Even if it takes an
 25 extra couple of months, we have to do this right. . . . I was jumping the gun on doing this
 26 right now . . . we need to do this right.”

27 //

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1 ABDUL-LATIF Further Discusses the Attack and Arranges Transportation for
 2 MUJAHIDH

3 47. ABDUL-LATIF and the Source met again on June 14, 2011, and spent
 4 much of the day together. I have listened to the recording of their conversations.
 5 ABDUL-LATIF and the Source discussed flying MUJAHIDH from Los Angeles to
 6 Seattle. ABDUL-LATIF pulled out his copy of the map of the Federal Center South
 7 building (previously provided by the Source) and said that he carried it with him
 8 everywhere. Referring to the map, ABDUL-LATIF explained the tactical reasons why he
 9 felt that the attackers needed a fourth person.

10 48. ABDUL-LATIF also discussed the motives behind his planned attack,
 11 specifically referencing the United States Military's presence in the Middle East, among
 12 other things. In response to the Source's inquiry about how he planned to get his message
 13 out, ABDUL-LATIF suggested that they could make a DVD recording explaining the
 14 motives behind the attack, and label the DVD with the title, "The reason we killing your
 15 people." ABDUL-LATIF further stated that if they left the DVD behind "in the car," the
 16 police would find it.

17 49. Later on June 14, 2011, ABDUL-LATIF and the Source called
 18 MUJAHIDH to arrange for him to travel to Seattle. This call was recorded and I have
 19 listened to the recording. ABDUL-LATIF told MUJAHIDH that he was about to
 20 purchase his plane ticket. ABDUL-LATIF asked MUJAHIDH to spell his last name.
 21 MUJAHIDH gave his last name as "Domingue Jr." After ABDUL-LATIF and the
 22 Source spent some time researching plane tickets on the Internet, MUJAHIDH said that
 23 he would rather travel by bus. Using the Internet, ABDUL-LATIF and the Source bought
 24 a bus ticket for MUJAHIDH. The bus was scheduled to leave Los Angeles on Monday,
 25 June 20, 2011, and arrive in Seattle on Tuesday, June 21st. ABDUL-LATIF gave
 26 MUJAHIDH the "pick-up password" for the bus ticket. Initially, ABDUL-LATIF
 27 suggested "jihad" as the password. The conspirators laughed, and then ABDUL-LATIF
 28 told MUJAHIDH that his password would be "OBL," for "Osama Bin Laden."

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1 ABDUL-LATIF Inspects Weapons And Selects Machineguns For The Attack

2 50. The Source met with ABDUL-LATIF a second time on June 14, 2011. The
 3 purpose of this meeting was for the Source to show ABDUL-LATIF two types of assault
 4 rifles and a grenade, so that ABDUL-LATIF could choose the weapons he wanted the
 5 conspirators to use during the MEPS attack. Before the meeting, law enforcement
 6 officers provided the Source with one fragmentation grenade; one Heckler & Koch MP5,
 7 9 x 19 mm caliber sub-machinegun, with serial number 62-370875; and one Colt M16A2
 8 Commando, 5.56 mm caliber assault rifle, with serial number A0137282. Each of these
 9 items was consistent with the types of firearms and grenades that ABDUL-LATIF
 10 previously had instructed the source to obtain. Due to safety concerns, the firearms and
 11 the grenade were made inoperable before giving them to the Source.

12 51. Special Agent Heidi Wallace of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms,
 13 and Explosives has examined both of the above-referenced firearms. SA Wallace has
 14 extensive training and experience in identifying firearms, determining where they were
 15 manufactured and whether they have traveled in interstate commerce, and in determining
 16 whether firearms are fully-automatic and meet the definition of "machinegun" provided in
 17 Title 18, United States Code, Section 921(a)(23), and Title 26, United States Code,
 18 Section 5845(b). After examining both firearms, SA Wallace determined that both were
 19 manufactured outside of the State of Washington, and therefore must have traveled to
 20 Washington in interstate or foreign commerce. SA Wallace also determined that both
 21 firearms were "machineguns" as defined by federal law, because each was designed to
 22 shoot automatically more than one shot, without manual reloading, by a single function of
 23 the trigger.

24 52. The meeting on June 14th took place in the Source's vehicle. The meeting
 25 was recorded by audio and video, and I have seen and listened to the recording. The
 26 Source told ABDUL-LATIF that he was going to take him to a secluded place for "show
 27 and tell." When they arrived, the Source told ABDUL-LATIF that his weapons "contact"
 28 had given him something to show to ABDUL-LATIF so that ABDUL-LATIF would see

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1 that the contact had access to the weapons he wanted. ABDUL-LATIF asked if they
 2 would have to return the items to the contact, and the Source confirmed this.
 3 ABDUL-LATIF commented that (during the attack) they should never touch "anything"
 4 with their bare hands (to avoid leaving fingerprints).

5 53. With ABDUL-LATIF sitting in the passenger seat, the Source reached into
 6 a duffel bag and pulled out the MP5 sub-machinegun. The Source told ABDUL-LATIF
 7 that the weapon was an MP5 and handed it to ABDUL-LATIF. ABDUL-LATIF held the
 8 machinegun and said, "Tell me about it." The Source explained that the MP5 fired a
 9 9mm round. ABDUL-LATIF then handed the MP5 to the Source so the Source could
 10 show him how to use it. The Source showed ABDUL-LATIF how to insert and remove a
 11 magazine and how to chamber a round. The Source then pointed to the selector switch
 12 that controlled whether the gun would operate in single-fire (semi-automatic) or fully-
 13 automatic mode. The Source asked, "Can you tell which one [setting] is fully-
 14 automatic?" ABDUL-LATIF pointed to the fully-automatic setting. ABDUL-LATIF
 15 asked how many rounds the magazine held, and the Source told him that it held 30
 16 rounds. ABDUL-LATIF asked how much the MP5 cost, and the Source said \$300. The
 17 Source handed the MP5 back to ABDUL-LATIF, who again handled the weapon. On the
 18 video, ABDUL-LATIF is shown loading a magazine, pointing the MP5 at the hidden
 19 camera, and pulling the trigger.

20 54. The Source then brought out the M16A2 assault rifle and handed it to
 21 ABDUL-LATIF. The Source identified it as a military-issue "M4," and explained that it
 22 was a newer version of the M16. ABDUL-LATIF held the M16A2 and said, "Okay, tell
 23 me about it." The Source explained that the M16A2 fired a bigger round than the MP5,
 24 and that the round would leave a "bigger hole" and penetrate almost "anything." The
 25 Source showed ABDUL-LATIF how to use the M16A2 while ABDUL-LATIF held the
 26 weapon. The Source showed ABDUL-LATIF the selector switch and noted the fully-
 27 automatic setting. ABDUL-LATIF listened as the Source explained the intricacies of
 28 using the M16A2, and ABDUL-LATIF said, "We're going to have to work on this a little

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1 bit." During the same conversation, ABDUL-LATIF also commented: "We're not doing
 2 this tomorrow, so we got time to work with it." ABDUL-LATIF pointed the M16A2 in
 3 the direction of the camera and pulled the trigger. The Source told ABDUL-LATIF that
 4 the M16A2 would cost \$400. ABDUL-LATIF asked the Source which weapon he
 5 thought they should use. The Source said that the M16A2 was the better bet. ABDUL-
 6 LATIF asked how much the magazines cost. The Source said \$50 each.

7 55. The Source then pulled out the fragmentation grenade and handed it to
 8 ABDUL-LATIF. ABDUL-LATIF said, "For real? If you throw it, it will blow up?" The
 9 Source showed ABDUL-LATIF how to pull the pin and use the grenade, and ABDUL-
 10 LATIF held the grenade in his hand. ABDUL-LATIF asked the Source if he had any
 11 pistols. The Source said that he did not have a pistol with him, but said that his weapons
 12 supplier told him that pistols were "a dime-a-dozen."

13 56. ABDUL-LATIF and the Source then discussed whether to use the MP5 or
 14 the M16A2. The Source pointed out that the M16A2 round would penetrate a bulletproof
 15 vest. ABDUL-LATIF said, "Well, I mean, you know, most people [in the MEPS], they're
 16 not wearing vests anyway." The Source noted that the armed security guards would have
 17 vests. ABDUL-LATIF said, "We probably want to get what's better." The Source said
 18 that would be the M16A2.

19 57. ABDUL-LATIF then discussed his plans for the attack, including his desire
 20 to recruit a fourth attacker. ABDUL-LATIF took out the map of the Federal Center
 21 South building layout and, pointing to the map, talked about the attack plan and where
 22 they would throw grenades: "[W]e want to throw a grenade right here to prevent anybody
 23 from running after us. We go over here, we can, we can either throw a grenade in the
 24 cafeteria, or we can throw a grenade in the corner." The Source explained that a grenade
 25 would kill or maim anybody within a fifteen yard radius. The Source asked ABDUL-
 26 LATIF if he still wanted five grenades. ABDUL-LATIF said, "I want to do what we can
 27 afford."

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1 58. ABDUL-LATIF instructed the Source to purchase only the assault rifles at
 2 this time, and to get the pistols, grenades, and the other items for the attack at a later time.
 3 ABDUL-LATIF said that the attackers needed to train with the assault rifles: "Let's get
 4 proficient with this [rifle], because this is the most difficult piece of equipment."
 5 ABDUL-LATIF explained that they did not need to acquire the pistols and grenades right
 6 away, because they did not need to "train" with those items (suggesting that they were
 7 easier to use). ABDUL-LATIF said that, once they had the firearms, they could go to
 8 Wenatchee to train with them. ABDUL-LATIF explained that he planned to get the \$800
 9 from the "brother" (the third party who was holding the money that ABDUL-LATIF had
 10 set aside for his religious travel). ABDUL-LATIF mentioned that he had barely ever
 11 touched a gun before. During this portion of the conversation, ABDUL-LATIF and the
 12 Source continued to handle the M16A2 and practice how to operate it.

13 59. Towards the end of the meeting, ABDUL-LATIF specifically instructed the
 14 Source to purchase three M16A2's and six magazines, which ABDUL-LATIF expected
 15 would cost \$1,500. ABDUL-LATIF instructed the Source to place the order for these
 16 weapons.

17 ABDUL-LATIF Provides the Source with Cash to Purchase the Machineguns

18 60. On June 16 and 17, 2011, ABDUL-LATIF provided the Source with a total
 19 of \$800 to pay for the weapons that he and MUJAHIDH intended to use during the attack
 20 on the MEPS. On June 16th, ABDUL-LATIF and the Source went to an ATM and
 21 ABDUL-LATIF withdrew \$80.00, which he gave to the Source. The Source
 22 subsequently provided the cash to law enforcement officers.

23 61. ABDUL-LATIF provided the balance of the \$800 to the Source on June 17,
 24 2011. ABDUL-LATIF had previously told the Source that he would get the money to pay
 25 for the weapons by withdrawing funds he had set aside for the *hajj*. ABDUL-LATIF said
 26 that another person was holding his *hajj* money for him. On June 17th, ABDUL-LATIF
 27 and the Source traveled to that person's place of business to retrieve ABDUL-LATIF's
 28 money. I have listened to the recording of their conversation. En route, ABDUL-LATIF

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1 complained to the Source that the gun supplier was “sweating” him for the money.
 2 ABDUL-LATIF further complained that the gun supplier was causing the Source to call
 3 him several times a day to ask for the money. ABDUL-LATIF said that he was worried
 4 about talking about “that thing” (the planned attack) because of the risk of people
 5 “tapping our phones” and “putting a pattern together.” ABDUL-LATIF and the Source
 6 also discussed their plans to meet MUJAHIDH at the bus station when he arrived on June
 7 21, 2011.

8 62. Once they arrived at the location, the Source waited in ABDUL-LATIF’s
 9 vehicle while ABDUL-LATIF went to obtain his money. When ABDUL-LATIF
 10 returned to the car, he said to the source: “I just took out my money I was going to use for
 11 *hajj* . . . this better be on the up-and-up with this brother [the gun supplier].” The Source
 12 assured ABDUL-LATIF that the supplier would deliver the weapons. ABDUL-LATIF
 13 said they needed to figure out where to store the weapons “ASAP.” ABDUL-LATIF then
 14 referred to the planned attack, and said they needed to prepare themselves “physically,
 15 mentally, and spiritually.” ABDUL-LATIF told the Source to call him “as soon as you
 16 get everything [the weapons].” After handing over the money, ABDUL-LATIF said, “I
 17 gave you seven-twenty, right there.” The Source counted the money out loud.

18 63. ABDUL-LATIF then told the Source that, in the future, he hoped to have
 19 even more money to fund the plot, and talked about buying pistols. ABDUL-LATIF said
 20 that if the attackers run out of rifle ammunition during the attack, they could switch to
 21 pistols. ABDUL-LATIF said, “If we gonna die, we gotta die taking some *kaffirs* with us .
 22 . . I’m not trying to run out of bullets.” ABDUL-LATIF again told the Source to call him
 23 “right away” when he had the weapons: “We need to hook up right away. . . . Don’t go to
 24 a store, don’t get gas, don’t do anything. Call me.” After this meeting, the Source
 25 provided the \$720 to law enforcement officers.

26 MUJAHIDH Travels from Los Angeles to Seattle in Furtherance of the Plot

27 64. On June 20-21, 2011, MUJAHIDH traveled via bus from Los Angeles,
 28 California, to Seattle, Washington. MUJAHIDH arrived in Seattle at approximately

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1 1:10 p.m. on June 21st. ABDUL-LATIF and the Source met MUJAHIDH at the bus
 2 station upon his arrival in Seattle. Surveillance agents observed ABDUL-LATIF and the
 3 Source meeting with MUJAHIDH. The Source then drove the defendants to a restaurant
 4 where all three men ate lunch together. I have listened to the recording of their
 5 conversation. Among other things, the defendants and the Source discussed where they
 6 would store the weapons after they took possession of them. ABDUL-LATIF mentioned
 7 the possibility of storing the weapons in a commercial storage unit, and MUJAHIDH
 8 suggested renting the unit under his name. After eating lunch, ABDUL-LATIF drove off
 9 on his own, leaving MUJAHIDH with the Source.

10 65. While they were together, the Source and MUJAHIDH discussed various
 11 aspects of the planned attack. I have listened to the recordings of their conversations.
 12 The Source stated that he planned to do some work on the sound system in his car, "if we
 13 survive through this." MUJAHIDH replied that was "not likely to occur . . . we're either
 14 gonna get killed or end up locked-up." MUJAHIDH said he would prefer the former.
 15 Referring to the overall attack plan, MUJAHIDH asked: "Yeah, so we are going in and
 16 killing everybody?" Repeating what ABDUL-LATIF had previously articulated, the
 17 Source said that the plan was to kill anybody "in green" or with a military haircut, but not
 18 to kill civilians. The Source said that "he [ABDUL-LATIF] chose MEPS" because there
 19 should not be many civilians at that location. The Source further stated that he was glad
 20 that "he [ABDUL-LATIF] stepped away from Fort Lewis." MUJAHIDH responded,
 21 "Why is that? I'd rather do Fort Lewis, man." The Source then explained the tactical
 22 problems he anticipated with attacking Fort Lewis.

23 66. Later in the conversation, the Source commented that "this" (the attack) was
 24 his way of getting back at the government. MUJAHIDH responded, "This is my way of
 25 getting rid of sins, man. . . . I got so many of 'em. . . . I got a bunch of 'em."
 26 MUJAHIDH also told the Source that, before he left Los Angeles, he told a couple of
 27 "brothers" that he was going to Seattle on a "jihad." The Source predicted that their
 28 attack would make headlines. MUJAHIDH then described the imaginary headline of a

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1 newspaper article: "Three Muslim Males Walk Into MEPS Building, Seattle, Washington,
 2 And Gun Down Everybody." According to MUJAHIDH, the article would also say that
 3 the attackers were "killed on sight . . . police standoff and shooting." MUJAHIDH added:
 4 "That's what it's going to come down to, because if they surround the building, the only
 5 way out is through them . . . and guns blazing man, guns blazing." MUJAHIDH also
 6 made the comment, "We're not walking out of there alive."

7 67. During the conversation, MUJAHIDH raised the subject of grenades: "So I
 8 heard we got a few grenades, too." The Source confirmed that there would be grenades
 9 involved in the attack. The Source asked MUJAHIDH if he knew how to use a grenade.
 10 MUJAHIDH answered, "Pull the pin and throw." The Source asked MUJAHIDH if he
 11 had a problem with using grenades. MUJAHIDH answered, "No." MUJAHIDH
 12 commented that they should not use grenades inside the MEPS building, explaining that
 13 he thought the building was too small to throw a grenade in without harming themselves.
 14 The Source explained that ABDUL-LATIF was, in fact, planning to throw grenades in the
 15 building, and he assured MUJAHIDH that the building was big enough for them to throw
 16 grenades in without harming themselves. The Source said that they would be able to
 17 discuss all of these details later.

18 ABDUL-LATIF and MUJAHIDH Continue to Plan the Attack

19 68. Later on June 21, 2011, the Source and MUJAHIDH drove to ABDUL-
 20 LATIF's residence, arriving at approximately 3:35 p.m. ABDUL-LATIF let them into his
 21 apartment. At approximately 4:17 p.m., they began discussing the planned attack. I have
 22 listened to the recording of this conversation. ABDUL-LATIF initially explained to
 23 MUJAHIDH: "He [the Source] went into the target undercover, and looked around at the
 24 place. This [referring to the building layout map] is what we came up with on the bottom
 25 floor. I'll let him [the Source] go ahead and explain everything." The Source then
 26 described the layout of the building, specifically mentioning the "guard's desk" and the
 27 fact that the guards are armed with pistols.

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1 69. The Source said that there were "only two weapons that I saw," referring to
 2 the guards. MUJAHIDH replied, "That we know of." ABDUL-LATIF then explained:
 3 "The key thing to remember here is, is we are not targeting anybody innocent – that
 4 means old people, women out of uniform, any children. Anything. Just people who wear
 5 the green for the *kaffir* Army, that's who we're going after." ABDUL-LATIF further
 6 stated, "We'll basically be able to tell who's there for MEPS." ABDUL-LATIF then
 7 explained that the function of the MEPS is to process applicants for the United States
 8 military.

9 70. ABDUL-LATIF referred to the map again and explained where the
 10 conspirators would go during the attack. ABDUL-LATIF said he was concerned that,
 11 pursuant to his plan, the "door to the cafeteria is not guarded. . . . There could be
 12 anybody that comes out of there with anything. We don't know." MUJAHIDH
 13 suggested: "Why don't we all just go into there with guns blazing, and just lay everybody
 14 down. They're all *kaffirs* anyway. Just lay everybody down. And we all just make our
 15 way around here (the hallway) together. And whoever gets laid down, gets laid down."
 16 ABDUL-LATIF stated that most of the people going through the MEPS would be sent to
 17 Afghanistan and Iraq: "They are being sent to the front lines to kill our brothers and
 18 sisters over there." ABDUL-LATIF further stated that he was "not comfortable with
 19 killing children or anything like that." In response, MUJAHIDH assured ABDUL-LATIF
 20 that there would not be any children in the building during the attack. MUJAHIDH
 21 reiterated: "Seriously though, I think we should go in there, hit the two guards, lay
 22 everybody down on the way, go on around here (the hallway). You know what I'm
 23 saying?"

24 71. In discussing the possibility that they could escape after the attack, the
 25 Source commented that the police are likely to surround the building as the attack is in
 26 progress. ABDUL-LATIF replied, "So, why don't we try to get the RPG's, then, for that
 27 purpose?" ABDUL-LATIF asked the Source to check how long it would take for his
 28 "contact" to obtain RPG's. The Source agreed to do so, and estimated that RPG's would

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1 cost approximately \$1,000 each, and would take one month for his contact to acquire.
 2 ABDUL-LATIF then stated, "We're all gonna look like fools if all we have is two clips
 3 apiece and we run out. . ." ABDUL-LATIF said he wanted to save up their money and
 4 buy as much ammunition as possible, so that they can fight back against the police on the
 5 perimeter. ABDUL-LATIF then explained:

6 Now we got the guns, we don't have to worry about that, that's done. And,
 7 we can spend another three or four hundred dollars on clips. So, if we get
 8 another, say, at least three grand, then we can buy two RPG's, and buy more
 9 clips, buy a few grenades, you know what I'm saying? And then get the
 10 jackets [bulletproof vests], you know what I'm saying? That should hold it
 down. 'Cause if I'm going down, I wanna last as long as I can, and take as
 many of them as I can. That's all I'm saying. I don't wanna be a fool and
 just – oh, I'm out [of ammunition] . . . We need as much as we can get,
 especially if we're going down.

11 ABDUL-LATIF also emphasized, "We're not only trying to kill people, we're trying to
 12 send a message. We're trying to get something that's gonna be on CNN and all over the
 13 world. . . . That's what we want."

14 72. ABDUL-LATIF then discussed various perceived atrocities committed by
 15 the United States Military in the Middle East, and he played related video clips over his
 16 computer for MUJAHIDH and the Source. ABDUL-LATIF commented that "nobody is
 17 dealing with it," and MUJAHIDH replied, "We're gonna deal with it, alright." In further
 18 discussing the attack on the MEPS, MUJAHIDH stated, "We go into the MEPS, and like
 19 I said, we might as well lay everybody down, bro. Everybody. Straight-up, you know
 20 what I'm saying? . . . Lay everybody down on the first floor, then go upstairs and lay
 21 everybody down on the second floor." Later in the conversation, MUJAHIDH reiterated:
 22 "At the MEPS, ain't gonna be no innocent women and children, bro. That's why I'm
 23 saying we go in there and lay everybody down, man. Everybody in that building is
 24 connected with the military." In response to ABDUL-LATIF and the Source discussing
 25 the possibility of escaping by running out of the building, MUJAHIDH asked, "With
 26 M16's in our hands?"

27 73. ABDUL-LATIF stated, "If we are staying at this place [targeting the
 28 MEPS], we can just get grenades, man. Remember how I was telling you about how we

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1 could throw the grenades around the building?" Referring to the building map, ABDUL-
 2 LATIF explained to MUJAHIDH: "We're gonna hit the commander. . . . The thing is,
 3 on Mondays and Tuesdays, those are the main days that they do full processing for
 4 soldiers getting ready to go to boot camp. So if we do something like this, it's gonna
 5 have to be on a Monday or a Tuesday. No other day than that. We're not going there to
 6 kill the security guard. There's no sense in that." MUJAHIDH replied, "But if he got to
 7 go, he got to go," referring to killing the security guard. MUJAHIDH later described
 8 what he planned to do during the attack, referring to the map: "This is what I'm gonna do:
 9 I'm gonna post guard. I'm gonna come in, pop-pop the security guard. Run into the
 10 cafeteria, lay everybody down in there. Pop-pop-pop-pop. 'Get on the ground, get on the
 11 ground, get on the ground!' And these offices right here, pop-pop-pop-pop." ABDUL-
 12 LATIF suggested that MUJAHIDH should take a different route inside the building, and
 13 MUJAHIDH agreed that he could first go to the offices and then the cafeteria.

14 74. ABDUL-LATIF then discussed what each man's role would be during the
 15 attack, and MUJAHIDH replied, "My thing is, I want more of the action!" ABDUL-
 16 LATIF explained that, because of the barriers in the parking lot, they would not be able to
 17 return to their truck after they entered the MEPS. ABDUL-LATIF further explained that
 18 they would need to bring "everything inside with us," and said that he had a "big green
 19 bag" to carry things in.

20 75. Referring to the map, ABDUL-LATIF discussed in detail where the
 21 attackers would throw the grenades: "We come up in here . . . we throw the grenade in
 22 there. . . . Move up, throw the grenade in here. . . . Have one of us wait on the corner . . .
 23 . the other two keep going. . . . When you get here, we drop the grenade here. You get
 24 halfway down the hallway, we drop the grenade down here. We can throw one in the
 25 bathroom, too. . ." MUJAHIDH added, "[W]hen you throw the grenade, you want to
 26 drop flat to the ground." The Source disagreed, and said that they needed to train together
 27 on how to throw grenades.

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1 76. During this conversation, the Source expressly asked if ABDUL-LATIF
 2 and MUJAHIDH wanted to back out of the plot. The Source explained that he would not
 3 hold it against them or think lesser of them if they opted out of the attack. ABDUL-
 4 LATIF answered, "We're not doing this for you." MUJAHIDH said, "I'm in it, bro."
 5 ABDUL-LATIF further replied, "I gave you all my money for this thing." MUJAHIDH
 6 emphasized that ABDUL-LATIF had spent his *hajj* money to fund the plot.

7 77. Also during this conversation, ABDUL-LATIF instructed the others about
 8 what they should do if apprehended by law enforcement: "If any of us gets caught, and
 9 we survive . . . don't ever say anything to the police. . . . [W]e have to promise, if any of
 10 us gets caught or thrown in jail for any reason before this happens, if they offer you a deal
 11 to talk, don't talk."

12 78. ABDUL-LATIF then revisited the idea of attacking Fort Lewis. In
 13 response, the Source said that their current target (the MEPS) was a good one and they
 14 should stick with their plan. The discussion then moved to other topics, including
 15 ABDUL-LATIF complaining again about the American military presence in the Middle
 16 East. ABDUL-LATIF also discussed historical figures who have sacrificed for a cause,
 17 and then specifically compared the conspirators' intended "sacrifice" during the MEPS
 18 attack to the actions of Nidal Hassan (the Army officer charged in the attack that killed 13
 19 people at Fort Hood).

20 79. As the meeting ended, the Source told ABDUL-LATIF and MUJAHIDH
 21 that he expected to be able to pick-up the weapons ABDUL-LATIF had ordered at
 22 approximately 6:00 p.m. the next day, on June 22, 2011.

23 The Delivery of the Weapons and the Arrests of ABDUL-LATIF and MUJAHIDH

24 80. On June 22, 2011, at approximately 3:00 p.m., the Source spoke to
 25 ABDUL-LATIF over the telephone. They agreed to meet later that night at 6:00 p.m.,
 26 along with MUJAHIDH, to acquire the weapons that ABDUL-LATIF had ordered. I
 27 have listed to the recording of the conversation. During the conversation, ABDUL-
 28 LATIF stated that he may store the weapons at one of his clients' businesses for a few

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1 days, until he could arrange to rent a commercial storage location.

2 81. At approximately 6:00 p.m. on June 22nd, the Source took ABDUL-LATIF
 3 and MUJAHIDH to a warehouse garage in Seattle. The Source previously told the
 4 defendants that the machineguns ABDUL-LATIF had ordered would be at that location.
 5 Before the defendants and the Source arrived at the garage, law enforcement officers had
 6 placed three Colt M16A1 assault rifles (which had been rendered inoperable) in the
 7 garage, along with six unloaded magazines. The garage was equipped with hidden audio
 8 and video recorders.

9 82. Prior to delivering the M16A1 assault rifles to the garage, FBI agents
 10 arranged for ATF SA Heidi Wallace (referenced above) to inspect the firearms. After
 11 examining the firearms, SA Wallace confirmed that the firearms consisted of a
 12 Colt M16A1, 5.56 mm caliber assault rifle, with serial number 9463259; a Colt M16A1,
 13 5.56 mm caliber assault rifle, with serial number 9574856; and a Colt M16A1, 5.56 mm
 14 caliber assault rifle, with serial number 9396093. SA Wallace also determined that each
 15 of the firearms were manufactured outside of Washington State, and therefore must have
 16 traveled to Washington in interstate or foreign commerce. SA Wallace further
 17 determined that each of the firearms were "machineguns" as defined by federal law,
 18 because each was designed to shoot automatically more than one shot, without manual
 19 reloading, by a single function of the trigger.

20 83. Shortly before 6:00 p.m. on June 22nd, ABDUL-LATIF and MUJAHIDH
 21 traveled to the garage in the Source's vehicle. Their conversation was recorded, and I
 22 have listened to the recording. During the drive, ABDUL-LATIF confirmed with the
 23 Source the price the "contact" was going to charge them for grenades and RPG's.
 24 ABDUL-LATIF also discussed the planned attack: "I'm kind of wishy-washy about
 25 whether . . . I'm thinking, do we want to last for a while? Or do we want to go in there
 26 and just kill people and just run out and commit suicide? Or do we want to hold -- control
 27 the building . . . control the building, hold it down for a while until we're out of
 28 artillery?" Moments later, ABDUL-LATIF stated: "If we can get control of the building

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1 and we can hold it for a while, then we'll get the local news down there, the media down
 2 there, you know what I'm saying?"

3 84. The Source's vehicle arrived at the garage at approximately 6:05 p.m.
 4 ABDUL-LATIF, MUJAHIDH, and the Source entered the garage together. This meeting
 5 was captured on video and audio recordings. I have listened to the recordings and have
 6 discussed the video footage with other agents who have viewed it. Shortly after entering
 7 the garage, the Source opened a duffle bag containing the three M16A1 firearms.
 8 ABDUL-LATIF and MUJAHIDH looked in the bag and then they each took possession
 9 of an M16A1. The video depicts both ABDUL-LATIF and MUJAHIDH holding the
 10 M16A1's for several minutes. MUJAHIDH is depicted aiming the weapon – both
 11 standing and kneeling down – and pulling the trigger on multiple occasions. ABDUL-
 12 LATIF commented that, "This is an automatic," referring to the M16A1. The Source
 13 then showed ABDUL-LATIF the fully automatic setting switch on the M16A1, and
 14 reminded him how to load the magazine into the firearm, how to hold the gun when
 15 firing, and how to correct jams. The Source also explained that each of the magazines
 16 held 30 rounds of ammunition. During this portion of the conversation, MUJAHIDH was
 17 standing only a few feet away from ABDUL-LATIF. During the meeting, the video
 18 depicts ABDUL-LATIF aiming the weapon and pulling the trigger on multiple occasions.
 19 After several minutes, the Source gathered the weapons and placed them back into the
 20 bag. The Source then asked ABDUL-LATIF, "So, where are we gonna take this [the
 21 bag]? Where is the shop you were talking about?" ABDUL-LATIF answered, "In
 22 Burien. First and Burien." Moments later, FBI agents made entry into the garage and
 23 placed both ABDUL-LATIF and MUJAHIDH under arrest.

24 The Post-Arrest Statements Made by ABDUL-LATIF and MUJAHIDH

25 85. After his arrest, MUJAHIDH was taken to a police interview room. The
 26 interview was video and audio recorded. MUJAHIDH spoke with agents for
 27 approximately one hour, and then was read his *Miranda* rights. MUJAHIDH waived
 28 those rights orally and by signing a *Miranda* waiver form, and continued speaking with

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1 agents. After waiving his *Miranda* rights, MUJAHIDH admitted that he was planning on
 2 carrying out an attack at the MEPS for the purpose of killing United States military
 3 personnel in order to prevent them from going to Islamic lands and killing Muslims.
 4 MUJAHIDH further admitted that he had traveled to Seattle from Los Angeles for that
 5 purpose. MUJAHIDH explained that, during the attack, he was going to guard the front
 6 door of the building and would use an M16 assault rifle. When asked what the grenades
 7 were going to be used for, MUJAHIDH answered that the grenades were for the same
 8 purpose as the assault rifles. MUJAHIDH further stated that his goal was to die as a
 9 martyr. During the course of the interview, MUJAHIDH answered many questions and
 10 refused to answer others. Eventually, MUJAHIDH terminated the interview. As he was
 11 being transported to the Federal Detention Center in Sea-Tac, Washington, MUJAHIDH
 12 asked agents how long they had known about the planned attack, specifically asking, "A
 13 couple months?" This question was not in response to any inquiry by the agents.
 14 MUJAHIDH's comments suggest that he and ABDUL-LATIF had been discussing the
 15 attack for at least two months. This is consistent with statements ABDUL-LATIF has
 16 made to the Source, as described in paragraph 45 above.

17 86. ABDUL-LATIF made no pertinent post-arrest statements.

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D. Conclusion

2 87. Based on the foregoing, I believe there is probable cause to believe that the
3 defendants, ABU KHALID ABDUL-LATIF, a/k/a JOSEPH ANTHONY DAVIS, and
4 WALLI MUJAHIDH, a/k/a FREDERICK DOMINGUE, JR., committed the following
5 offenses: Conspiracy to Murder Officers and Employees of the United States, in violation
6 of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1114(1) and 1117; Conspiracy to Use Weapons
7 of Mass Destruction, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 2332a(a)(2)(C)
8 and 2332a(a)(3); Possession of Firearms (Machineguns) in Furtherance of Crimes of
9 Violence, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 924(c)(1)(A) and
10 924(c)(1)(B)(ii); and Unlawful Possession of Firearms, in violation of Title 18, United
11 States Code, Section 922(g)(1).

ALBERT C. KELLY III, Special Agent
Federal Bureau of Investigation

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Based on the Complaint and Affidavit sworn to before me, and subscribed in my presence, on June 23, 2011, the Court hereby finds that there is probable cause to believe the defendants committed the offenses set forth in the Complaint.

MARY ALICE THEILER
United States Magistrate Judge

COMPLAINT

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